The Great Debate. That Was to Solidify the Bemberacy of "the Issue" Has Falled. All the Facts About the Phil-ippines to the Given by Gov. Taft.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 80.-Gov William H. Taft will begin to tell the story of the Phil-Senate Philippines Cemmittee, of which Senate Philippines Cemmittee, of which Senator Lodge of Massachusetts is chairman, at 10:30 to morrow morning. Since arriving in the city yesterday Gov. Taft has had long conversations with the President and Secretary Root, having lunched with them at the White House to-day, and with Chairman Lodge. It can be stated on authority that as far as Gov. Taft and the Administration are concerned; he is will-ing and anxious to give all the facts of the Philippines situation. He has nothing to concest, and the Republicans on the committee say they hope that no stone will be left unturned by their Democratic opponents to bring into the light of publicity every scrap of evidence that Gov. Taft can give touching on the condition of affairs n the Philippines and the conduct of the United States Government since the be-

ginning of the American occupation.

The "great Philippines debate" that
the Democrats began last week with such a flourish of teampets has amounted to nothing so far, except to afford an oppor-unity for Democratic Senators to deliver tunity for Democratic Senators to deliver cheap harangues upon every possible subject and a theatrical defence of South Carolina's attitude in the Revolutionary war. This was Senator Ben Tillman's theme to-day, and he spent several hours pounding the desk, dancing up and down the aisle, waving his arms, shouting until he appeared ready to burst, and altogether behaving in a characteristic manner, such as would have made the blue blood of South Carolina's aristocracy run cold if they had been witnesses of it.

behaving in a characteristic manner, such as would have made the blue blood of South Carolina's aristocracy run cold if they had been witnesses of it.

Whea "the great debate" was opened it was promised that the Democrats would present a united front in opposition to the Republicans, that they would have a policy upon which they would all stand together, and that they would, in fact, make the advocates and defenders of the Republican policy in the Philippines look like thirty cente.

The debate occupied one day last week, and has continued four days during the present week, and aiready the disintegration of the Democrats has begun. The minority resolutions, framed by the Democratic membars of the Philippines Committee, which form the subject of the "debate," state as the foundation stone of the Democratic policy that the United States should give up, its sovereignty in the Philippines. Now comes Senator Bacon of Georgia to the front with a magazine article, extracts from which were read by his colleagues in the daily newspapers to-day, contending that the first thing the United States should do, preparatory to putting into force that part of the Democratic policy which he indorses, is to establish its sovereignty in the Philippine Islands, thus disagreeing with his party associates on the mest vital point in the new policy which was to solidify the Democrats of the Senate and throughout the United States and equip them for the Presidential battle of 1804.

Senator Morgan also has an idea of his own about a declaration of party principles on the subject of the Philippines, and has embodied it in a resolution which he has solemnly offered in the Senate. Other Democratic Senators have individual views which conflict with those which have been offered by the Democratic membership of the Philippines Committee, and it will be necessary for the Democrate of the Senate to have a caucus soon or to get together in some other way, if they are to present a "united front to their political opponents."

THE TREATY-MAKING POWER. gressman Tawney Wants Ways and deans Committee to Investigate It.

WASSINGTON, Jan. 30.-The recent declaration by the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations and the speech of its Chairman, Mr. Cullom, yesterday, holding that the President and Senate had power to negotiate treaties which should be the supreme law of the land, without con-sulting the House of Representatives in any case, has led Mr. Tawney (Rep., Minn.), a member of the Committee on Ways and Means, to offer the following resolution:

Means, to offer the following resolution:

Wherene, It is seriously claimed that under the treaty-making power of the Government, and without any action whatever on the part of the House of Representatives or by Congress, reciprocal trade agreements may be negotiated with foreign Governments that will of their own force operate o supplant, change, indrease or entirely abrogate duties on imports collected under laws enacted by Congress and approved by the Escutive for the purpose of raising revenus to maintain the Government; now, therefore, be it.

Resolved by the House of Representatives, that the committee on Ways and Means be directed to fully investigate the question of whether or not the Provident, by and with the advice and consent of the henate, and independent of any action on the part of the House of Representatives, can pesotiate treaties with foreign Governments by which duties levied under an act of Congress, for the purpose of raising revenue, are modified or repealed, and report the result of such investigation to the House.

CARNEGIE TRUSTEES MEET. Executive Committee Appointed and Plans for Institution Discussed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 .- The Board of Trustees of the Carnegie Institution was called to order this morning by Abram S. Hewitt, its chairman. Dr. D. C. Gilman, the President of the institution, spoke at some length in explanation of the scope and purpose of the institution, as intended by Mr. Carnegle Judge Morrow of California offered the following resolution:

Resided. That the Board of Trustees ac-proviously the genetority of the gift of Mr Cornegie on the founding of the flectivi-tion desire to express the concurrence of the trustees in the scope and purposes stated in the short of trust, and terreby formally accept the population and responsibilities contracted with if

the functional property of the board the faculty for adjointment of the board the faculty for a straightful dependent and insectional for any right factor of place for any right factor of the consideration of place for The committee will have diens the place of the factor of the fa marge of all manters and to aren't may madelation. It has been decided for the proposes of the materiality as to receip the harme at the materiality has to receip the harme at the first and and the state of the st

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CENSUS BILL PASSED.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 .- The House tolay, with but slight opposition, passed the bill to create a permanent Census Bureau, as reported yesterday. All efforts to materially change it, especially in the way of divorcing the bureau and the Civil Service

Under the five-minute rule there was a lively colloquy over the section extending the provisions of the Civil Service law to the census employees at the time the act should go into effect.

Mr. Gillett (Rep., Mass.) object this because there was an eligible list now awaiting appointment who had taken ex-amination under the implied promise of appointment in case they successfully passed the examinations. And this list was increasing at the rate of three hundred daily. The force of census employees, he said, had been appointed because they were friends of Congressmen, and it would be a shame to keep them in office for that

be a shame to keep them in office for that reason, keeping out others entitled by law to them. He moved to strike out the section and make all appointments subject to the Civil Service law.

Gen. Grosvenor said the list now numbered 15,000, and he denounced the continuance of examinations by the commission as a bunco game, because not half of them could secure appointment within the period of eligibility.

Mr. Landis: The list is nearer 20,000 than 10,000.

the period of eligibility.

Mr. Landis: The list is nearer 20,000 than 10,000.

Continuing, Mr. Grosvenor said that no body of public servants in the same time had ever done 50 per cent, of the work accomplished by those of the Census Bureau, appointed upon the recommendation of Congressmen, and now it was proposed, in the interest of the public service, it was alleged, to turn them out of the places that they earned by good hard work, in order that the high school graduates who had passed the examination of the bureau of partisan political appointments may succeed to them. "I don't believe that it will be done."

And it was not done, so far as the House was concerned, the Gillett amendment being defeated without a division.

All propositions to amend the section were futile, one to specifically separate census appointments from the Civil Service act did not have sufficient support to warrant a division of the vote. A motion to strike out the section failed, 14 to 105.

An amendment was agreed to requiring that all employees of the Census Bureau shall be citizens of the United States.

FOR CHINESE EXCLUSION. Charge That Chinamen Are Crowding Out

American Sallors on Pacific Coast. WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 .- Andrew Furusuth representing the sailors of the Pacific Coast appeared before the House Committee on Foreign Affairs to-day in support of the Chinese Exclusion bill. He informed the Chinese Exclusion bill. He informed the committee that Chinese sailors were crowding the Americans out of the business on the Pacific Coast and already controlled the transpacific business. The workingmen of the Pacific slope would not be satisfied, he said, with anything less than equal protection against the Chinese in the Philippines and in the United States.

H. R. Fuller of California, representing the railroad brotherhood, also advocated the bill.

FOR NEW CITY POST OFFICE. Bill for \$3,500.000 Building Is Favorably Reported to the Senate.

WARRINGTON, Jan. 30.—Authority for the erection of a new Post Office building in the city of New York, at a cost of \$2,500,000, was contained in a bill favorably reported to the Senate to-day from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds. The selection of the site is left to a commission composed of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Postmaster-General, the President of the New York Chamber of Commerce and the President of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation. The land is to be acquired by purchase, condemnation or otherwise, after advertisements have been made for proposals. WARRINGTON, Jan. 30.-Authority for

by court-martial on the charge of letting some other person do a task in free-hand drawing for him. The Court sentenced him to be dropped from the academy, but Secretary Long has recommended to the President that the sentence be commuted, so that Cadet Jacobs will be obliged to stay in the Plebe class for another year. The papers in the case are before the President

German Naval Cadets Visit the Capitol Washington, Jan. 80 .- About 100 cadets of the German Navy, now on a cruise in the ship Von Moitke, visited the Capital this the ship Yon Moltke, visited the Capitol this morning. They inspected everything about the building with much interest and occupied seats for a few minutes in the galleries of the House and Senate. The officers carried their side arms and the "middles" had their stickers" in their beits. These are believed to be the first foreign troops to enter the Capitol in a body and armod since the English soldiers "called" in 1814.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30. The President has designated the following for appoint ment as members of the Board of to the Naval Academy William Butler Duncan, New York, Francis Rawie, Phila-delphia: James R May, Portsmouth, N. H.: L. W. McGruder, Vicksburg, Miss.; Eugene L. Zimmerman, Cincinnati, Ohio George T. Winston, Raleigh, N. C. Francis B Galt, Tacoma, Wash

Army and Navy Orders

Wassington, Jan M. Theor army orders have Their Regard of Boots, First stabled, decading a security for two parameters and their stables, there is present the transport of their stables, there is a security of their stables, there is a security of the security of

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HOPE FOR CUBAN RECIPROCITY

THE ADMINISTRATION COMMIT-TED TO SOME LEGISLATION.

Bill Granting Tariff Copcessions Is Not Passed in the House the Senate Will Add It to the Philippines Tariff Bill or to Some Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 .- By some peculiar process of reasoning it is contended that the action of the House Committee on Ways and Means to-day in deciding to report a bill wiping out the internal revenue war taxes means that there is to be no legislation at this session for the relief of Cuba. This contention seems to be based on the assumption that because the surplus the Treasury is to be reduced to the extent of seventy or eighty millions of dollars it will not be possible to further reduce it by making tariff concessions to Cuba. Of course, there is no logic or justice in the contention, and Senators and Repre-sentatives who were instrumental in having the proposed legislation considered declare that one subject has nothing whatever to do with the other. The revenues are to be reduced because they are not needed and because the war taxes were put on with the understanding that they were to be taken off when the state of the Treasury would permit. It was decided soon after Congress met to materially reduce or wipe out all of the war taxes, and there is, therefore, nothing surprising in to-day's action of the Ways and Means Committee.

The House will probably pass the bill

agreed upon to-day with little or no debate. but the real contest over its provisions will come in the Senate. The Finance Committee has had the subject under investigation ever since Congress met, and will make such amendments to the bill as will be necessary to provide for a reduction commensurate with the estimates of re-ceipts and expenditures. Nobody knows yet how much money Congress will spend That will depend upon the fate of various measures now pending. It is evident to everybody that the situation in the House, growing out of the efforts of the beet sugar men to prevent a reduction in tariff rates on Cuban importations, is very much mixed, to say the least. Some of the Republicans on the Ways and Means Committee are determined that there shall be no Cuban legislation if they can help it. They are, therefore, very giad to put every possible straw in the way of a bill to give Cuba the relief demanded, and the internal revenue reduction straw is as grateful to them as on Cuban importations, is very much mixed,

reduction straw is as grateful to them as anything else. It was stated at the House of Representaanything else.

It was stated at the House of Representatives to-day by one of the most prominent Republicans on the Ways and Means Committee that action was hastened by the threat of a Republican caucus to consider every question relating to proposed tariff legislation of any kind, and that if such a caucus had been called it would have served to demonstrate to the country the bitterness of feeling that has been aroused among the Republicans over the question of tariff concessions to Cuba. This difference of opinion is apparent and cannot be denied, any more than can the difference existing on the same subject between the Secretary of the Agriculture and his colleagues in the Cabinet. Mr. Wilson thinks that a cut in the sugar tax would ruin the beet-sugar industry of the United States, and he allows the subordinate officials of his Department to publicly tell the committee so. The members of the Ways and Means Committee are so divided in opinion that it is not possible at present to report a bill for the relief of Cuba without bringing on a serious party fight.

All this does not alter the fact, however.

rious party fight.
All this does not alter the fact, however, mittee on Public Buildings and Grounds. The selection of the site is left to a commission composed of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Postmaster-General, the President of the New York Chamber of Commerce and the President of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation. The land is to be acquired by purchase, condemnation or otherwise, after advertisements have been made for proposals.

Cadet Jacobs's Sentence May Be Commerce of Connecticut, a cadet of the Plebe class at the Naval Academy, was recently tried. time. They would like to see it done now, but are not disposed to be insistent in urging their well-known views upon Congress. They feel that Congress will see the right way and do the right thing if left to its own devices, although it may not be in a hurry about it. They may wrangle over the beet-sugar question, but in the meantime the great body of the American people will continue to make themselves. They would like to see it done not people will continue to make themselves heard, with the result that Congress will be sure to enact the legislation that the people demand and to which everybody connected with the Government is com-

Fraud Order Against Bond Investment

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 .- The Postmaster ieneral to-day issued an order denying the use of the mails to the American In vestment Company, and its officers and agents at Erie, Pa., Johnstown, Pa., Columola, S. C., Springfield, Ill., Braddock, Pa Lexington, Ky., Omaha, Chicago, Louisville. Philadelphis. Pitteburg. Washing-ton. Atlanta, Seattle and Wilmington. Del The company was engaged in the opera-tion on an extensive scale of one of the class of so-called bond investment schemes condemned as fraudulent by the Assistant Attorney-General for the Post Office Department several years ago

Rear Admiral Sampson's Betirement WARRINGTON. Jan 30 - The formal naval orders issued to-day contained the follow-

ing announcem at Rear Admiral William T. Sampson transferred to retired list. Fet: 8. 1902, in conformity with section 1444. Revised Biatutes Admiral Sampson will reach the retiring age on Feb. 9

Extradition Treaties Battlied

Wassington dan 20 Supplemental or tradition frontice with Beigium and Denmark including additional crimes for which ingitive originals may be catradited one satisfied by the Semate to day, as was then a trasty with francismals providing or lie tenure of real and personal property

Briarcliff Milk

Can no longer by amosinted with the ordinary product of that name. The most constant care and watchfulnes: has resulted in obtaining a degree of purity and richness unequalled on so large a scale, and it may be safely claimed to have attained the highest exectioner for human food.

Frems at Brianslill Mason, N. Y. Store:

No. 573 Maditon Avenue, New York City.

THE PRESIDENTIAL SUCCESSION. TO REPEAL THE WAR TAXES.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 .- The Philippine Tariff bill was taken up in the Senate at 2 o'clock this afternoon as the unfinished business, and Mr. Tillman (Dem., S., C.) took the floor.

After speaking for half an hour Mr. Tillman broke into a complaint of Senators who were carrying on conversation in the chamber. He did not expect them to listen to him, he said, but he asked that they retire to the cloak rooms, and he characterized them as belonging to a money-loving, money-grabbing, miserable, hypocritical, damnable party. Mr. Tillman wound up with the emphatic

Mr. Tillman wound up with the emphatic declaration that the proposition to erect a tariff wall between the United States and any country belonging to it under the Stars and Stripes was a departure from every principle that had brought this country to a condition which made it the cynosure of all eyes and the envy of all nations.

On motion of Mr. Hoar (Rep., Mass.) the joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States respecting the succession of the ment to the Constitution of the United States respecting the succession of the Presidency was taken up and passed by the necessary two-thirds majority. It provides that "in all cases not provided for by Article II., clause 5, of the Constitution, where there is no person entitled to discharge the duties of the office of the President, the same shall devolve upon the Vice-President. The Congress may by law provide for the case where there is no person entitled to hold the office of President or Vice-President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly until the disability shall be removed or a President shall be elected."

elected."

The following bills were also passed:
To establish the Fredericksburg and adjacent national battlefields memorial park in the State of Virginia.

park in the State of Virginia.

Appropriating \$1,500,000 to complete the public building at San Francisco; appropriating \$150,000 for a public building at Greenville, Tenn.; \$100,000 for a public building at Evanston, Wyo.; \$250,000 for enlarging the public building at Hartford, Conn.; \$160,000 for a public building at Laredo, Tex.; \$75,000 for a public building at Natchez, Miss., and \$150,000 for addition to public building at Springfield, Ill.

Also sixteen private pension bills

field, Ill.

Also sixteen private pension bills.
On motion of Mr. Cockrell (Dem., Mo.) the vote by which the Senate yesterday passed the bill for the use by the United States of devices invented by its naval officers and covered by letters patent, was reconsidered, and the bill was again placed on the calendar.

TEN MARINES LOST IN SAMAR. Admiral Rodgers Reports Disaster Capt. Porter's Command Met.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.-The Navy Department received two cable despatches from Rear Admiral Rodgers this morning dated at Cavité. Jan. 30. In one he reports that details of Major Waller's expedition across Samar are not yet received. In the other he gives the casualties in Capt. Porter's command which attempted to march from Lanang to Basey in Samar and met with overwhelming defeat. The casualties reveal the extent of suffering undergone by the party. The despatch concludes with the names of ten men missing, with all hope abandoned for their safety. The despatches are as follows:

The despatches are as follows:

Details Waller's expedition across Samar not yet received. Much credit due Shoemaker for services rendered in connection with rescue detachment at Lanang. Marines in Samar will be relieved in about ten days. Following casualties, Capt. Porter's command, attempting march Lanang to Basey, Samar: Lieut. A. S. Williams, slightly wounded, cheet and wepering eczema; Corporal W. Slattery, Privates J. McBay, E. Witsell, J. W. Hackler, W. D. Smith, R. Desmond, J. Egan, T. J. Carey, condition serious, weeping eczema. Privates P. J. Connell, D. Saniule, G. N. Foster, T. Brett, J. Woods, F. F. Brown, T. Murray, M. Bassett, L. A. Bailey, J. Baroni, missing. Hope abandoned.

It is evident from the first despatch that

J. Baroni, missing. Hope abandoned.

It is evident from the first despatch that Capt. Porter's command was in desperate plight and was rescued by another party, under Lieut. Shoemaker.

The statement that the marines in Samar will be relieved in about ten days is taken to mean that Gen. Chaffee will send additional troops to the island to push the aggressive campaign begun some weeks ago.

Lieut. Shoemaker is in command of the gunboat Arrayat and is well known in Washington. He is a son of Capt. C. F.

Washington. He is a son of Capt. C. F. Shoemaker, Chief of the Division of Revenue Cutter Service, of the Treasury Department

DANCE AT GERMAN EMBASSY Given in Honor of the Officers and Cadets of the German Warship Moltke.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.-Herr von Holleben, the German Ambassador, was host at the Embassy to-night at a dance given in honor of the officers and cadets of the German warship Moltke, now lying in the harbor of Baltimore. The Embassy was beautifully decorated. Mme. Paschwitz. wife of the naval and military attache of the Embassy, acted as hostess and assisted in receiving the guests. There were thirtyin receiving the guests. There were thirty-five cadets from the ship in their uniforms, consisting of white trousers and blue coats with brase buttons. The Ambassador arranged the hour for dancing at 11 o'clock, that his invitations might not conflict with the President's reception to the army and navy. The only matrons present were those belonging to the Diplomatic circle, and among the other guests were Mise Wilson. Miss Root, Miss Knox. Miss Jones, niece of the Postmaster-General; the Misses Pauncefote. Countess Cassini and others who have attended the long list of dances given this winter. given this winter

Bear Admiral Kimberly's Beath Announced.

WASHINGTON. Jan. 30. The Secretary of the Navy has issued a special order an-nouncing the death of Bear Admiral Lewis Asificial Kimberly and calling attention to his services, particularly his gallantry in the battle of Mobile Bay. As a mark of respect to his memory flegs on all sessels and at all navy yards will be displayed at haifmare and thirteen minute gains will be fired at moon at the yards on the slay after the order is received.

Movements of Savai Seasois Wassington dan 20. The training ship Martford has arrived at Newport, the gui-

lost Concord at Rati Francisco and studer New tirleans at Finden: The collier Ajax has sailed from Lavist for Singapore The gunbook Leyte has been placed out of conscious at Carrie Rear Admiral Remay telegraphs that the give tempt Paragua Arrivet Remon and telegraphs take grant take grant take Windsparagus or Degineral in gasting the grantabled grant telegraphs Wingli Benetics for Mag Hunners

Austice Leaguister of the Suprious Cour-line approached Surveys Scrapt temporary empirer of the goods of Utriate & May Are at Pattle native retail Smallty regardle placed, at a sent to regist by place i flar spuit against Lerine W May for a district that of the particularity field at accomplising the particular statement of the form and the residence of the particular statement of the first against the place and flow for Many countributions in place to be made that he had not be that against the particular statement of the first against th

Spinus Met Simi Spier Without Parseinge Police Commissioner: Partridge decition ceterday to attend the annual the Liques Deplete Assessed top at the Land Lyonian in Poli & Frit L'indinger, benid ing a delogation from the accomption, solded on Coi Partridge producing and asked him to attend the tell.

"he," said the Colonel, "I con't do it I con't stay here and work all day and then stay up all night.

WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE UNANIMOUSLY FAVORS IT.

Authorizes Chairman Payne to Prepare a Bill Wiping Out All the Remaining War Taxes-The Repeal of the Tax on Tea Takes Effect on Jan. 1, 1903.

Washington, Jan. 30. - The Committee on Ways and Means this morning unanimously adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the chairman be instructed to prepare a bill repealing all the remaining revenue taxes (except the tax upon mixed flour), viz., the additional taxes imposed by the act of June 13, 1898, entitled an act to provide ways and means to meet war expenditures, and for other purposes, and the act of March 2, 190f, amendatory thereof; the said repeal to take effect on July 1, 1902, except as to section 50, which shall take effect on Jan. 1, 1903, and that he report the same to this committee at an early date."

After the meeting Chairman Payne made

early date."

After the meeting Chairman Payne made a statement in which he says:

"The report of the Secretary of the Treasury estimated a surplus for this year of \$100,000,000, and subsequent results seem to confirm this estimate. The committee therefore thought it was entirely safe to repeal the remainder of the war revenue taxes, amounting to \$68,000,000 and the tax on tea of \$0,000,000, in the aggregate \$77,000,000, at this time. This will still leave a surplus estimated upon this year's receipts and expenses of \$22,000,000 or \$23,000,000 for the year, while we will start upon the next fiscal year with \$174,000,000 available cash in the Treasury. "The committee deem it wise to have the repeal of the tax on tea taken off on the 1st of January next in order to enable those, especially retailers and small dealers, who have small stocks of the duty-paid goods on hand, to dispose of them before the repeal takes effect. Continuing the tea tax to the 1st of January will give us six months' revenue in the next fiscal year upon tea and will make the ulwill give us six months' revenue in the next fiscal year upon tea and will make the ul-timate reduction for the next year con-siderably less than \$75,000,000. The bill will be presented to the House as soon as

siderably less than \$75,000,000. The bill will be presented to the House as soon as it can be prepared.

"It will be seen that we have kept far ahead of our promises in repealing these war taxes. We promised when the bill was passed that the taxes should be repealed as soon as the war and the expenses growing out of the war should cease. While a portion of the expense is going on, yet because of the wonderful prosperity of the country and the great increase of revenue from other sources, we are able to wipe out the entire war taxes."

During the meeting the Democrats made several futile attempts to amend the bill. Representative Richardson of Tennessee, the ranking Democratic member, offered a resolution to amend the bill by adding Mr. Babcock's bill to remove the tariff from all articles controlled by trusts, which was lost by a party vote. Representative Newlands of Nevada offered an amendment to retain the tax on sugar refineries and several ether of the items, which was

ment to retain the tax on sugar refineries and several other of the items, which was also lost by a party vote, and the committee also lost by a party vote, and the committee then unanimously adopted the resolution.

Mr. Newlands moved to retain the excise taxes on petroleum and sugar refineries but reduce it to one-tenth of 1 per cent, of gross receipts and at that rate extend the tax to all industrial corporations engaged in manufacture, whose annual receipts exceed \$1,000,000, the tax to be levied on any excess of \$1,000,000. It also included a provision that detailed returns of the amount of gross receipts should be made and rendered at the end of each year

Mr. Newlands said that the purpose of his proposed amendment was to compel

Mr. Newlands said that the purpose of his proposed amendment was to compel trusts to contribute something to the national expense, and also to secure publicity as to their affairs—thus enabling Congress to legislate as to the tariff on trust-made products, on internal revenue taxation and proper regulations of industrial combinations. The motion was

A Democratic member, who has all along A Democratic member, who has all along been of the opinion that the committee would report some measure for the relief of Cuba, after the committee had acted on the War Revenue bill, expressed the opinion that if anything was done for Cuba under present conditions the President and Secretary of War would have to work harder than they have yet done in that behalf.

The war revenue taxes still in effect

behalf.

The war revenue taxes still in effect which it is proposed to abolish are those on stock transactions and issues, foreign bills of exchange, bills of lading, conveyances, custom house entries and withdrawals. passage tickets, bankers, brokers, pawnpassage tickets, bankers, brokers, pawn-brokers, custom house brokers, theatres, circuses, bowling alleys and billiard rooms, the excise tax on sugar and petroleum refineries, the special tax on banks and bankers and the inheritance taxes. The tax on beer is to be reduced from \$1.60 to \$1 a barrel, the tax on tobacco and smuf-from nine to six cents a pound, while the increase of taxes on eigarettes and cigars made by the war revenue act is also to taken off. The tax on mixed flour and tax on bucket-shop transactions will prably remain in effect.

Gen. Metealf's Nomination Confirmed. Washington, Jan. 30. The nomination f Wilder S. Metcaif to be pension agent at Topeka, Kan., was confirmed by the Senate to-day, after the Senate Committee on Pensions had exonerated him from the charges made against him Motcalf was charges made against him Metcall was Colonel of the Twentieth Kansas Regiment in the Philippine campaign, and it was alleged that he was responsible for the shooting of two Filipino prisoners. The investigation by the committee cleared him of all responsibility for the doed

Places Analting Two Men in the Naval SINNING WOMAN'S I FRHAL WILL. Bervice. WARHINGTON, Jan. 30. The Navy

partment is trying to find two men who have places paying \$1.600 a year awaiting them in the naval service. They are F J McAllister and F H Church They passed examinations for warrant machinists last year and were warranted by President Roosevelt on Nov. 1. The Department has made ineffectual efforts to find them.

Howard Sentenced to Life Imprisonment FRANKFORY, Ky., Jan. 30.—The jury in the marger of Marine Monard, charged with the murder of William Goebel, this morning rised the following which We the state of the defendent guilty and he has been taken as the appropriate of the the assessment trial. However he was a



CHIEF JOSEPH, ARBITER. The Aged Indian Warrior Called on to

Name the th'ef of the Cayuses. This generation must remember the famous Nez Perces who were led by Chief Joseph in the last great conflict United States troops and the red men. The Nez Percés are among the most superior tribes of Indians and Joseph was a worthy leader. The rule of the red men still exists, according to the following despatch in the Portland Oregonian:

exists, according to the following despatch in the Portland Oregonian:

PENDLETON, Ore., Jan. 23.—Tu-wat-tul has been proclaimed chief of the Cayuse tribe of Indians, by the famous Chief Joseph of the Nez Percés, and uncle of the late Young Chief, whose death occurred last spring. Thus is settled a contest for the chieftainship of the tribe that has waged during the past year. There were two principal candidates for the honor, Paul Showaway and Young Sumpkin, with other aspirants of lesser note. Showaway appeared to have the better title to the office, and was believed at one time to have won out in the fight. Young Sumpkin believed he could win if he referred the matter to Chief Joseph, thinking that dignitary would name him for the place. He therefore asked Major Lee Moorhouse to write to Chief Joseph to name the chief. Chief Joseph replied as follows:

"To Mejor Lee Moorhouse, Portland, Ore:
"My Dean Friend: I have your good letter. You say that the Indians there would like for me to tell them through you just what my nephew, Young Chief, said before he died, and who he would like to come after him as chief of the Cayuses; also who I would like to act in that capacity, and in my answer I want to say to you, my friend Moorhouse, that just before Young Chief died he called me to him and said: "My uncle, when I am dead and gone, I want you to take either of these to come after me as chief of the Cayuses—Tu-wat-tui or Ume-som-kin or Olicutt."

"Now, I will select Tu-wat-tui. He is of the royal Cayuse blood, and his forefathers for generations before have been chiefs. U-in-lip-lip (Red Elk) can tell you all about him.

"I say to them all, I make Tu-wat-tui chief.

for generations before have been chiefs. U-in-ilp-ilp (Red Elk) can tell you all about him.

"I say to them all, I make Tu-wat-tui chief. Now he is chief, and don't take any other. I call him now Chief Tu-wat-tui, and I tell you, my friend Moorhouse, to tell all the people on the Umatilla reservation that I, Chief Joseph, now make Tu-wat-tui chief of the Cayuses, and he must be respected and obeyed as such over there, and we will respect his zrights over there in Nespeiam. That is all. Very respectfully.

"CHIEF JOSEPH"

Tu-wat-tui comes from a line of famous chiefs. His ancestors were prominent in the Yakima war of 1856, and in the troubles at the time Marcus Whitmam was here. He is a man of the best character, physically perfect, and a specimen of the very best of the latter-day Indians. He is married to a neice of the late Dr. William McKay, one of the most noted and celebrated characters in this region in early days. His father was the war chief of the Cayuses. He was known as the "Catholic Chief." Some writers allege that he was responsible for the Whitman massacre.

APPEAL TO WOMEN SHOPPERS. The Consumers' League Asks Their Aid in Getting Shorter Hours for Shop Girls.

The Consumers' League, of which Mrs Frederick Nathan is President and of which many well-known New York women are members, has issued the following appeal to women shoppers:

appeal to women shoppers:

There come to us from reliable sources the appalling tidings that pressure is being brought to bear on those retail merchants who are endeavoring to bring about the shorter working day to abandon their early closing and keep their establishments open again until 6 o'clock. It is said that the women shoppers are complaining that they cannot finish their shopping by 5 P. M. It seems simply incredible that there can be in this enlightened town of ours, women of intelligence who cannot see the brutal inhumanity of taking away from saleswomen and children a privilege which is conducive so much to their happiness and welfare.

Think of our physical condition if we stand for two hours, think of the benefit to women who have stood all day to be able to leave their work in time to avoid the worst rush and get a seat going home; think of the pleasure brought into the lives of people who, well or ill, have to keep a civil face to the public for eight hours a day, to have the spare hour from 5 to 6 o'clock in the evening for a little rest, a little freshening for some evening's entertainment.

Surely no gigantic effort of imagination or sympathy is needed to grasp the simple facts. It will be a lasting disgrace to the women of New York if there is not an immediate expression of satisfaction addressed to those merchants for this enlightened act of theirs of closing at 5 P. M.

ENJOINED A BAPTISM. Parents Objected to a Girl's Immersion in ley Water.

their daughter from being baptized in the appointed by himself.

Mr. Cantor protested against the first waters of a creek here, according to Mr. Cantor protested against the Mr. Cantor protested aga the rites of the German Baptist Church, the parents of Flora Bender have invoked the aid of the law and secured an injunction restraining her from being baptized until the temperature of the water is warmer.

Miss Bender, who is 17 years old, is at service in the family of Dr. P. D. Fahrney, an elder of the church.

The young woman decided to embrace the faith. One of the preliminaries of

an elder of the church.

The young woman decided to embrace the faith. One of the preliminaries of membership is immersion. To baptize her it would have been necessary to break the ice on the creek. Her parents, Mr. the ice on the creek. Her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bender, objected on the grounds that she was physically in no condition to be immersed in the creek in cold Through Edwards Eichelberger, as at-

Through Edwards Eichelberger, as at-torney, she was produced in court on a writ of habeas corpus. The court ruled that the girl was under the control of her parents antil she attained the age of 18 years. However, it was agreed among the parties that when the weather became warmer the girl could be immersed and received into the church if baptism would not be inimical to her health.

Dying a Sulcide, She Whispers Her Bemorse many men that

and Her Wishes to Hospital Doctors. burg early resterday morning after taking
Paris green at her home at 253 Central
Address at that people can live decently.

Address in Allocate interpreted Paris green at her home at 253 Central Alderman Down avenue. She left her husband a year ago. Marburger said. for another man. The husband sied of

grief

At 2 o'clock yesterday morning Mrs
Deller although for lips were landly furned,
made it understood that she had a dying
request to make House Surgeon Ferguson and the Fuida and Beming were
cummoned. To them, the woman's said
ale himse that she was going to die.

I have a request to finise, she went on,
and I hope you will early it out. I did not
want to die. I was angry when I evaluated
the and I did not troat my hashand right
and I am very sorry for it. I she and and
I hope that Aimighty that will furgive me.
What tittle property I was I desire shall
go to the man for whom I formed in hotte
and hostantil I have a decipies who
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The fee in the hallding at M Corrigant. Turkish Todason Trading Company, sigar ette manufacturers, and tod in the parture shop of Robert Hyman, which is such the fourth floor.



New fashioned overcoats for old fashioned snow storms-ulsters too.

\$15 to \$60.

Some of the price has been swamped on a number of suits. \$15 now.

Shoes for slush-guaranteed waterproof.

Ties at the Prince Street store,

business will be moved to the new building N. E. corner Broadway and 13th Street, extending through to 4th Avenue.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.

ALDERMEN QUIET; NO "FORCE"

RESOLVE TO MEET WEEKLY SPEECHES, TEN MINUTES.

Resolution to Keep Business Wagons Out of Fifth Avenue Afternoons Referred

The Borough Officials Salary List Goes Through -- Harburger Supposes

The trouble the Tammany Aldermen were expected to make at yesterday's meeting didn't develop and President Fornes did not have to "use force," as he had promised to do if necessary. Alder-man Little Tim Sullivan left the meeting early and Bridges never opened his mouth

except to vote "aye" or "no." The only alteration of any importance made in the rules reported by the Committee on Rules was a decision to hold meetings every Tuesday at 2 o'clock, instead of every other Wednesday at 3. It was also resolved that a special meeting could be called upon a petition signed by fifteen members. Some of the fusionists wanted to limit speeches to five minutes, but the Tammany side protested and ten minutes was made the limit. Another rule to which the Tammany men objected adjudges a member who refuses to vote, unless excused, guilty of contempt and liable to punishment accordingly. The

rule stands. President Fornes's appointment of the five Borough Presidents on the Aldermen's committee of ten to assist in the Prince Henry reception, and omission to appoint any Aldermen of German extraction aroused some discontent on both sides of the chamber. Mr. Fornes refused to accept an amendment that only "Aldermen elected to the board" serve on the committee. Just before the adjournment matters are sweethed out by adouting a reason. ters were smoothed out by adopting a resolution to increase the committee to fifteen, and another resolution to ask the Mayor to add an Italian to the Citizens' Committee.

Tim Sullivan fathered the last.

When a resolution was introduced fixing the salaries of the appointees of the borough Presidents. Alderman Wafer charged President Cantor with removing laborers supposedly for the sake of economy, while the same time he was seeking to have FREDERICK, Md., Jan. 30.—To prevent the Board agree to high salaries for men

laborers," he said. who have no work to do at this time of the year. I have removed several high-salaried officials appointed by the last administra-

Are you going to run this board without giving any one a chance to speak.

The President ordered the clerk to call the roll despite many objections. Alderman Mct'all and others, all speaking at once, insisted that Mr. Wafer ought to be heard, and finally the President gave way, with the remark that he had understood that the roll call had been begun when Mr. Wafer went on to say that 300 laborers in the Department of Water Supply in Brooklyn alone had been discharged recently.

"These poor men have been brushed aside like flies," he exclaimed, "and yet we are asked to tole salaries to-day as high as \$5,000. I think we ought to look into this matter, because I have no doubt

Alderman McInnes reminded the Tam

came into powe

of the Aldermen he north of the State tor it and he replied The war going hide already I rehe mean relative our salarine moreased

presented a resolug reticion currying made o from using fifth averse Mo. 21 between the hours of P. M. E. man referred to to between and Highwarz Alderton: Service got a remighted passeculing open to Board of Hearth to lose upon a more state compliance with the includeration of the control of a paleowing for control of a paleowing to the Alderton Maker affected a Resolution

the rational continued opers to requise another general and the Park appetre to send the section of the authority. Adderson: This is no collected to the

